REMARKS

Claims 1-14 and 21-29 were examined and rejected. Claims 15-20 have been previously withdrawn. Applicants amend claims 4, 11, 21 and 28, and assert that no new matter is added herein as amendments to claims 11 and 28 are supported, for example and without limitation thereto, at paragraph 31 of the Specification as originally filed. Applicants add no claims, and cancel no claims. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of claims 1-14 and 21-29, as amended, in view of at least the following remarks.

I. Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. § 112

The Patent Office rejects claims 4-7 and 21-27 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement because "wherein the first layer has an increasing concentration of germanium throughout a thickness of the first layer, " is not understood by the Patent Office. Applicant asserts that upon considering the specification and figures of the application, as originally filed, a practitioner in the art would understand the above quoted phrase to include, as an example, but not limitation to that phrase, a graded silicon germanium layer, such as described at paragraphs 17-19 of the application as originally filed. The claims describe the increase concentration of germanium throughout a thickness relative to the substrate. Hence, for at least the reason above, Applicant respectfully requests the Patent Office withdraw the rejection above.

II Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. § 103

The Patent Office rejects claims 1-14 and 21-29 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over European Patent EP 1085562 A2 to Thilderkvist (<u>Thilderkvist</u>), in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0197803 A1 to Leitz et al. (<u>Leitz</u>). To render a claim obvious, all limitations of that claim must be taught or suggested by at least one properly combined reference.

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection above and asserts that independent claims 1 and 21 are patentable over the cited references for at least the reasons that the references do not teach or suggest forming a silicon germanium layer on a substrate in a processing chamber, removing a portion of the silicon germanium layer in the processing chamber, and smoothing a surface of the silicon germanium layer in the processing chamber, as required by claims 1 and 21.

As noted by the Patent Office, <u>Thilderkvist</u> fails to disclose forming a silicon germanium layer in the same processing chamber as removing and smoothing.

Instead, the Patent Office relies upon the combination of <u>Leitz</u> with <u>Thilderkvist</u> to teach the above noted limitation. <u>Leitz</u> teaches forming a silicon germanium layer (see paragraph 30), but the Patent Office has not identified, and Applicant is unable to find any teaching in <u>Leitz</u> of removing or smoothing as claimed. Specifically, the Patent Office combines <u>Leitz's</u> teaching of forming a silicon germanium layer in a chamber with <u>Thilderkvist's</u> teaching of removing and smoothing in a chamber to satisfy the claimed requirements of forming in the same processing chamber that used to remove and smooth.

However, Applicant asserts that the combination of <u>Leitz</u> with <u>Thilderkvist</u> would not motivate one having ordinary skill in the art to use the same chamber, as required by claims 1 and 21. Moreover, Applicant asserts that the combination is improper, as <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches against forming in the same processing chamber that used to remove and smooth. Specifically, <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches placing a substrate in a chamber (see feature 102 of Figure 1, paragraph 2, and 46) such as to treat or finish a silicon surface having a surface roughness of at least 0.2 nm RMS and up greater than 6 nm RMS (see paragraph 22 and 46), using a reactant gas mix comprising HCl and H₂ (see paragraph 23, 35, 46, 50, and 51-53). Specifically, <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches that the wafer is placed in surface Treatment/Epi chamber 508 of tool 500 to treat or smooth the surface of the silicon film (paragraph 56-57) after a bond and cleave process is performed in bond/cleave 506 (see paragraph 61 and Figure 5), by moving the wafer into Treatment/Epi chamber 508 (paragraph 65) using transfer chamber 502 and load

lock 512 (see paragraph 56 and Figure 5). For instance, after forming film 658 having very rough silicon surface 660 where silicon film 658 is separated from silicon substrate 652, wafer 600 (along with oxide 654 and silicon 658) is moved from bond/cleave 506, through transfer chamber 502 using loadlock 512, and into Treatment/Epi chamber 508 where surface 660 is treated (see paragraphs56 and 65, and Figure 5).

Thus, one having ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to use the same chamber to form the silicon germanium layer and remove and smooth the surface of the silicon germanium layer by combining <u>Leitz</u> with <u>Thilderkvist</u>, because <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches against using the same chamber to perform those processes (see MPEP § 2145.X). Hence, for at least the reason above, Applicant respectfully requests the Patent Office withdraw the rejection of independent claims 1 and 21.

Any dependent claims not mentioned above are submitted as not being anticipated or obvious, for at least the reasons given above in support of their base claims.

In addition to the reasons above for the independent claims from which dependent claims 11 and 28 depend, Applicant disagrees with the rejection above of dependent claims 11 and 28 for at least the reason that the cited references do not teach or suggest introducing a smoothing agent to the surface of the layer, following removing a portion of the layer, as required by amended claims 11 and 28.

Specifically, as noted above, <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches introducing a gas including both HCl and H_2 into the chamber. In fact, <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches specific ratios of the HCl to H_2 molecular concentration between 1:1000 to 1:100 (see paragraph 48).

Thus, <u>Thilderkvist</u> teaches a combined gas to perform removing and smoothing at the same time, however the Patent Office has not identified, and Applicant is unable to find any teaching in <u>Thilderkvist</u> of smoothing following removing, as claimed. Similarly, the Patent Office has not identified, and Applicant is unable to find any teaching in <u>Leitz</u> of smoothing following removing, as claimed. Hence, for at least the additional reason that neither <u>Thilderkvist</u>, <u>Leitz</u>, nor the combination teach or suggest

the above noted limitations of claims 11 and 28, Applicant respectfully request the Patent Office withdraw the rejection above of dependent claims 11 and 28.

CONCLUSIONS

In view of the foregoing, it is believed that all claims now pending (1) are in proper form, (2) are neither obvious nor anticipated by the relied upon art of record, and (3) are in condition for allowance. A Notice of Allowance is earnestly solicited at the earliest possible date. If the Examiner believes that a telephone conference would be useful in moving the application forward to allowance, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned at (310) 207-3800.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2666 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 or 1.17, particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service on the date shown below with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-